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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/685,810	10/15/2003	Donald E. Brodnick	066243-0223 (1286371T)	5125
7590 05/02/2007			EXAMINER	
Joseph D. Kuborn ANDRUS, SCEALES, STARKE & SAWALL 100 East Wisconsin Avenue Suite 1100 Milwaukee, WI 53202			MANUEL, GEORGE C	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3762	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			05/02/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Comments	10/685,810	BRODNICK ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	George Manuel	3762				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	I. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 18 De	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>18 December 2006</u> .					
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) ⊠ This	action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowar	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	33 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) 1-35 and 42-44 is/are pending in the a	application.	•				
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-35 and 42-44</u> is/are rejected.	•					
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.	•				
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	Г.					
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correcti	on is required if the drawing(s) is obj	ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1 Certified copies of the priority documents 		-(d) or (f).				
2. Certified copies of the priority documents		on No				
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priori						
application from the International Bureau	•					
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	d.				
	·					
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)						
2) ☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 3) ☑ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) 5) ☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application						
Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>1/30/04</u> .	6) Other:					
S. Datent and Trademark Office						

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-35 and 42-44 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Thompson et al (US 6,539,253).

Thompson et al disclose an implantable medical device comprising an IMD 100, that may comprise an ICD, hemodynamic monitor or cardiac pacemaker IPG 12. Both non-physiologic and physiologic data are transmitted by uplink radio frequency telemetry from the IMD to the external programmer or through the patient's body to another IMD.

Thompson et al further teach that while IMD sense amplifiers are capable of filtering to attenuate noise superimposed on a cardiac signal, in some situations the noise component may be such that the filters cannot adequately eliminate the noise.

As an example, Thompson et al discuss when a patient with an IMD walks through a metal detector, the resulting EMI signal may overwhelm the cardiac signal

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picked up by the electrodes. Although the IMD may be able to determine that it is receiving an excessive amount of noise, the IMD may be unable to extract the true cardiac signal from the noise. Because the true cardiac electrical signal cannot be accurately ascertained, the IMD's operating system cannot determine when the vulnerable period of each cardiac cycle is occurring.

One of ordinary skill in the art would have found it obvious to configure the external programmer to detect a radio frequency artifact similar to that given by the metal detector because Thompson et al teach implantable cardiac pacemakers and ICDs have a pacing capability that allows them to function with a "reversion mode" of operation that will cause no harm to the patient when such an artifact is detected. Since the programmer bases programming characteristics on sensed electrogram data, one of ordinary skill would have found it readily apparent to eliminate an occurrence of a "revision mode" as being masked artifact to eliminate an occurrence of falsely identifying voltage artifact as a heart beat, or to identify heart beats that are paced and heart beats that are not paced and occurrences of pacing that fail to stimulate a heart beat.

One of ordinary skill in the art would have been further motivated to use the "revision mode" as an artifact indicator because the reversion mode does not provide the optimum pacing therapy that the patient may require at that very same time, and patient safety or comfort may be compromised. In the context of an ICD, the inability to distinguish high level EMI from a malignant tachyarrhythmia could either cause a

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mistaken delivery of a cardioversion/defibrillation shock or inhibit delivery of a warranted cardioversion/defibrillation shock.

Regarding claims 7 and 15, Thompson et al teach programming commands or data are transmitted between the IPG RF telemetry antenna 28 within or on a surface of the IPG 12 and an external RF telemetry antenna 24 associated with the external programmer 26.

One of ordinary skill in the art would have found it obvious to integrate the antenna 24 into an ECG electrode because Thompson et al teach the external RF telemetry antenna 24 can be contained in a programmer RF head so that it can be located close to the patient's skin overlying the IPG 12. This location is typical for ECG electrode placement. Also, Thompson et al provide motivation for such a configuration by suggesting the patient 10 may be active and could be exercising on a treadmill or the like during an uplink telemetry interrogation of real time ECG or physiologic parameters.

Regarding claims 11-14 and 27-29, Thompson et al teach the use of low pass, band pass and high pass filters is desirable to pass desirable signals and to block or attenuate EMI. One of ordinary skill in the art would have found it obvious in view of this teaching to provide a tunable band pass filter that is either automatic or user configurable because these features have low power consumption. Thompson et al provides additional motivation by suggesting ideal EMI blocking filters employed in IMDs should be passive, low power consuming, and small in size.

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Regarding claim 31, one of ordinary skill in the art would have found it obvious to sample the data streams 20 and 22 at a rate of about 18,000 to 150,000 samples per second to satisfy Nyquist criteria.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to George Manuel whose telephone number is (571) 272-4952.

George Manuel Primary Examiner Art Unit: 3762